

Duration Targeting and Yield Convergence

Q Conference

May 8, 2013

Martin L. Leibowitz, Morgan Stanley

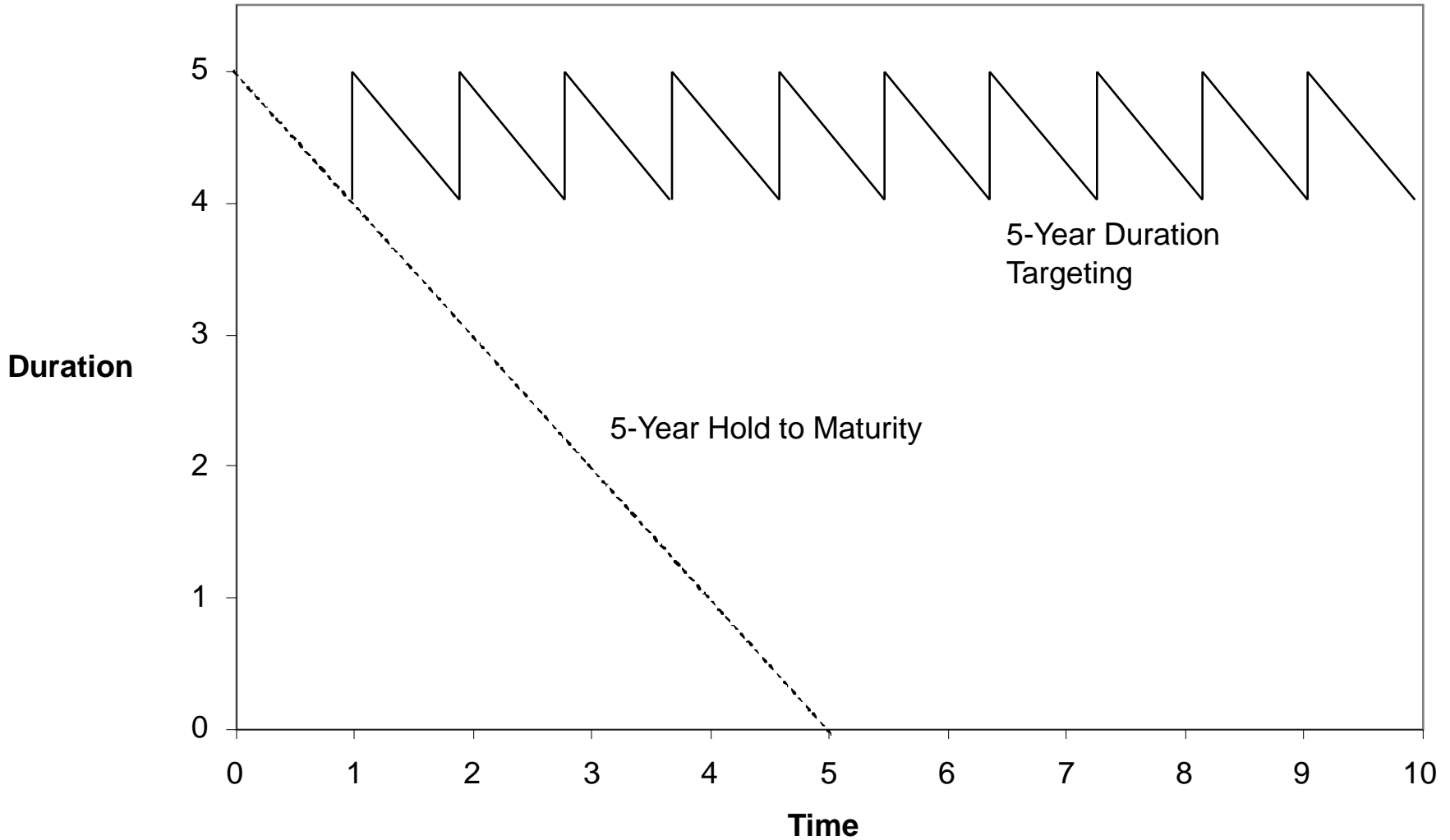
Anthony Bova, Morgan Stanley

Stanley Kogelman, Advanced Portfolio Management

Acknowledgement: Terry Langetieg

Langetieg, Terence C., Martin L. Leibowitz and Stanley Kogelman
“Duration Targeting and the Management of Multiperiod Returns.
Financial Analysts Journal, September/October 1990

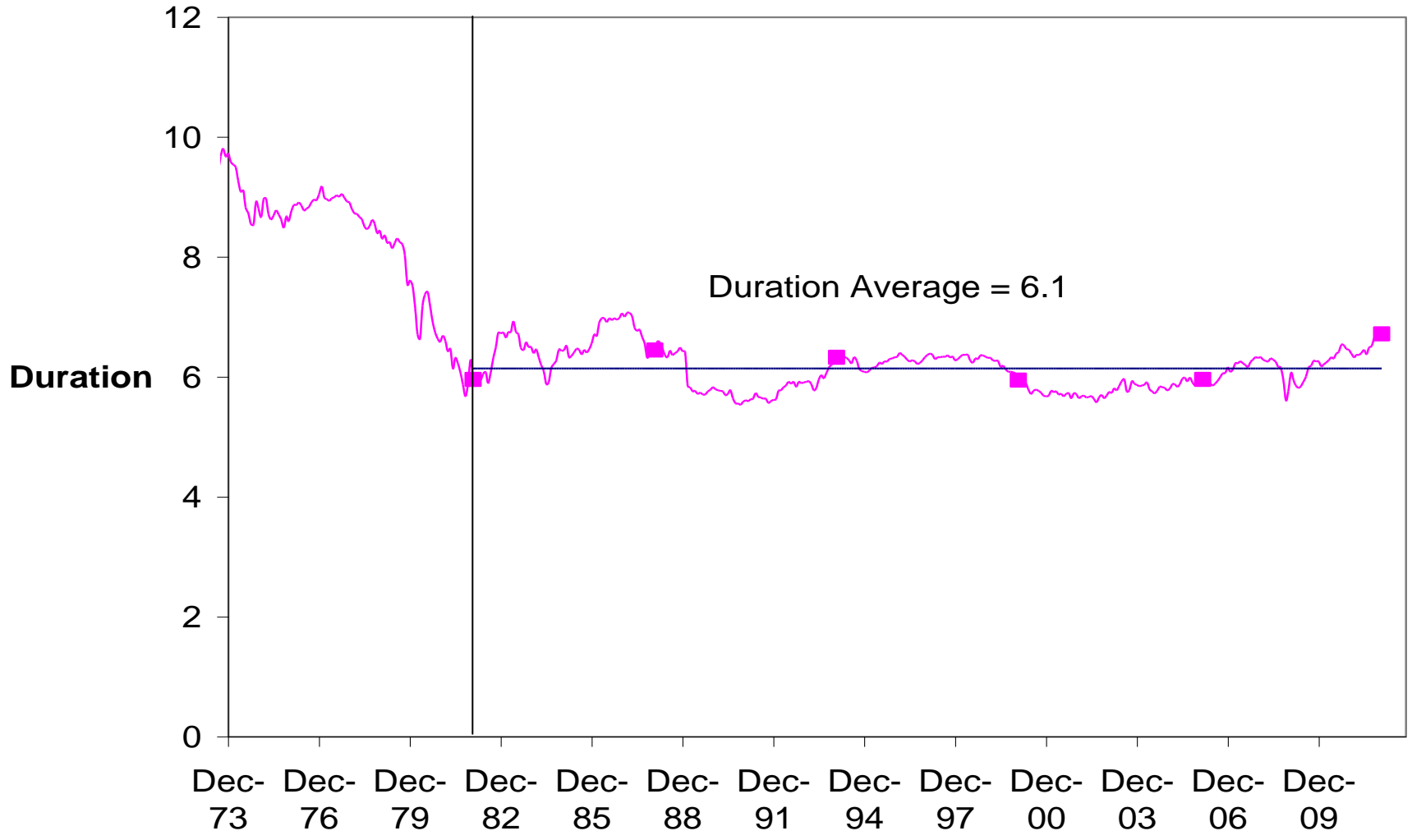
5-Year Duration Targeting vs. Hold-to-Maturity



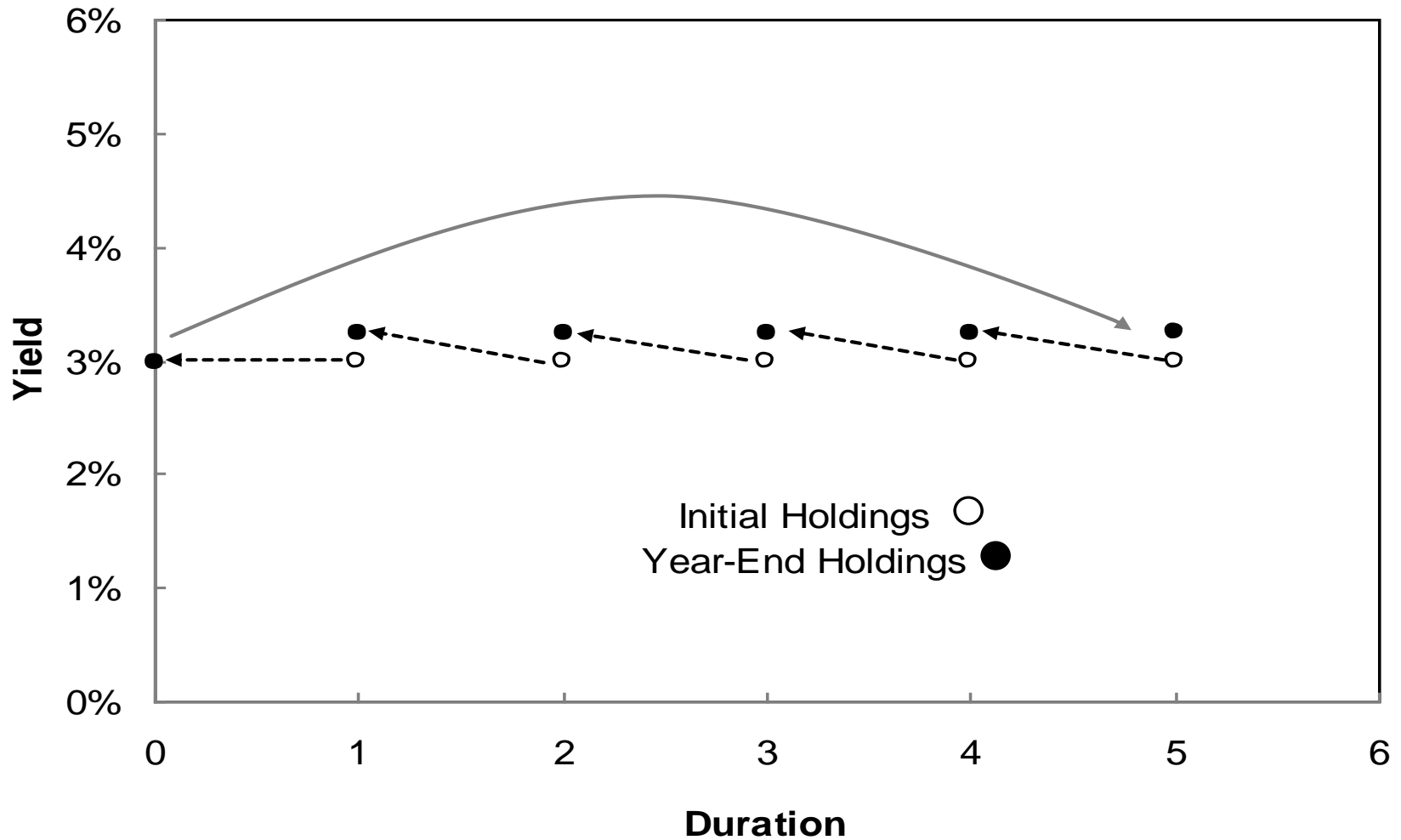
Types of Duration Targeting Bond Funds

- **Active Institutional Portfolios**
- **Bond Market Funds With Stable Maturity Structure**
- *Bond Indices*
- **Passive Index Tracking Funds**
- *Laddered Portfolios*
- **Rolling Buy and Hold Portfolios**

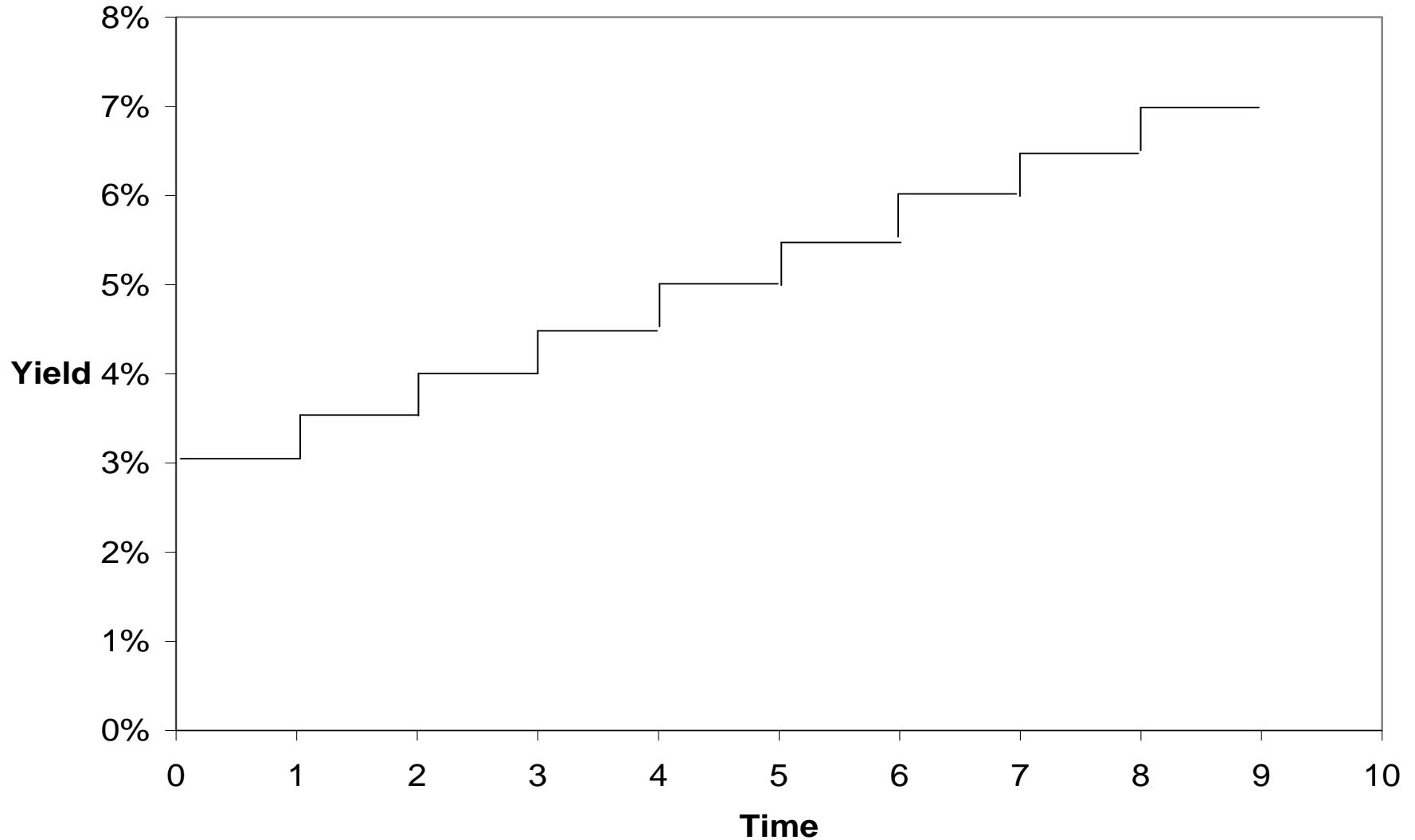
Credit Index Duration



Rebalancing and Illiquid Ladders



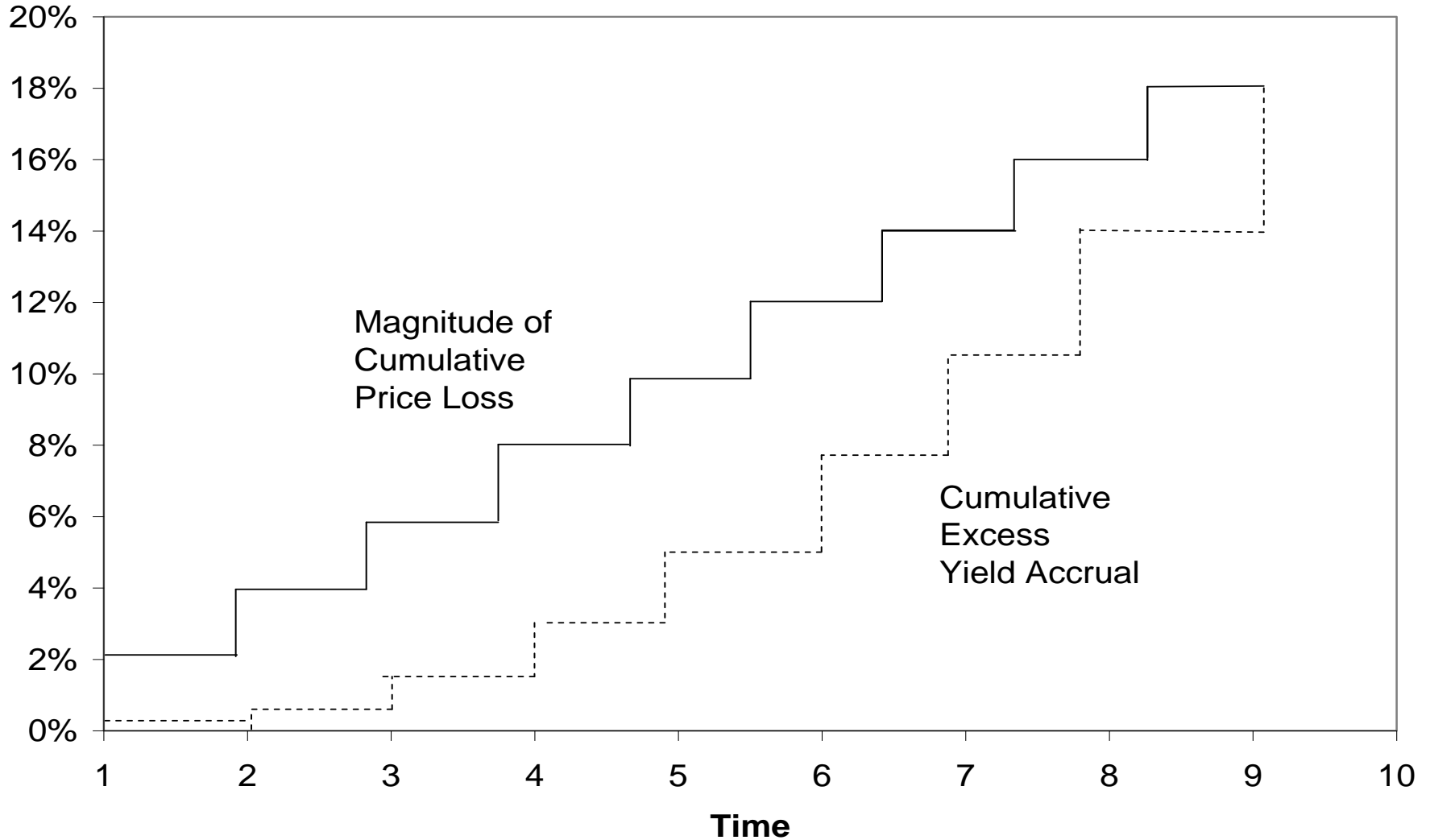
Progression of Yields Along 50 bp/year Trendline



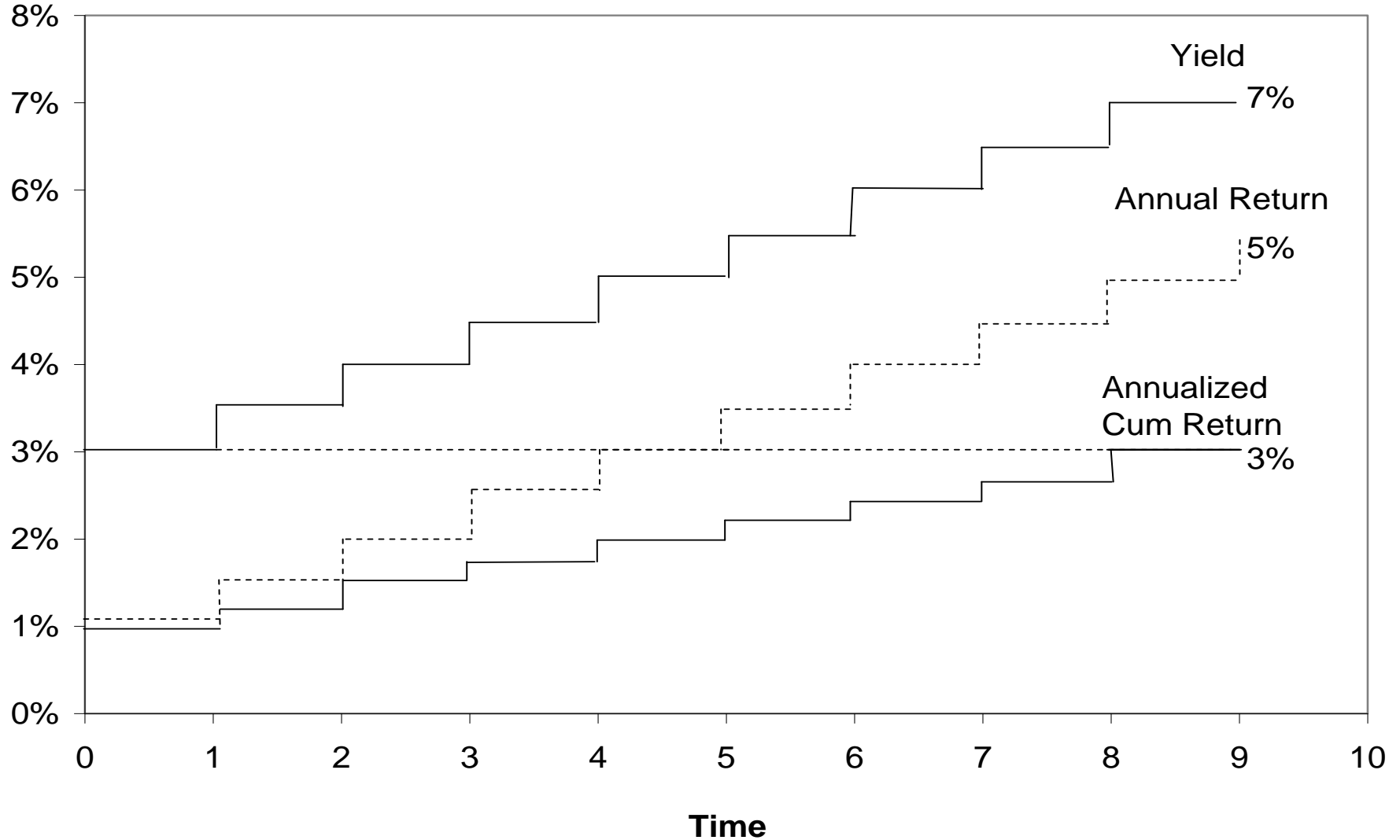
Trendline Returns with +50 bps Drift

Year	Yield At Beginning of Year	Excess Yield Accrual Over Year	Cumulative Excess Accrual	Price Loss Over Year	Cumulative Price Loss	Annual Return	Cumulative Return	Annualized Return
1	3.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-2.0%	-2.0%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
2	3.5%	0.5%	0.5%	-2.0%	-4.0%	1.50%	2.50%	1.25%
3	4.0%	1.0%	1.5%	-2.0%	-6.0%	2.00%	4.50%	1.50%
4	4.5%	1.5%	3.0%	-2.0%	-8.0%	2.50%	7.00%	1.75%
5	5.0%	2.0%	5.0%	-2.0%	-10.0%	3.00%	10.00%	2.00%
6	5.5%	2.5%	7.5%	-2.0%	-12.0%	3.50%	13.50%	2.25%
7	6.0%	3.0%	10.5%	-2.0%	-14.0%	4.00%	17.50%	2.50%
8	6.5%	3.5%	14.0%	-2.0%	-16.0%	4.50%	22.00%	2.75%
9	7.0%	4.0%	18.0%	-2.0%	-18.0%	5.00%	27.00%	3.00%

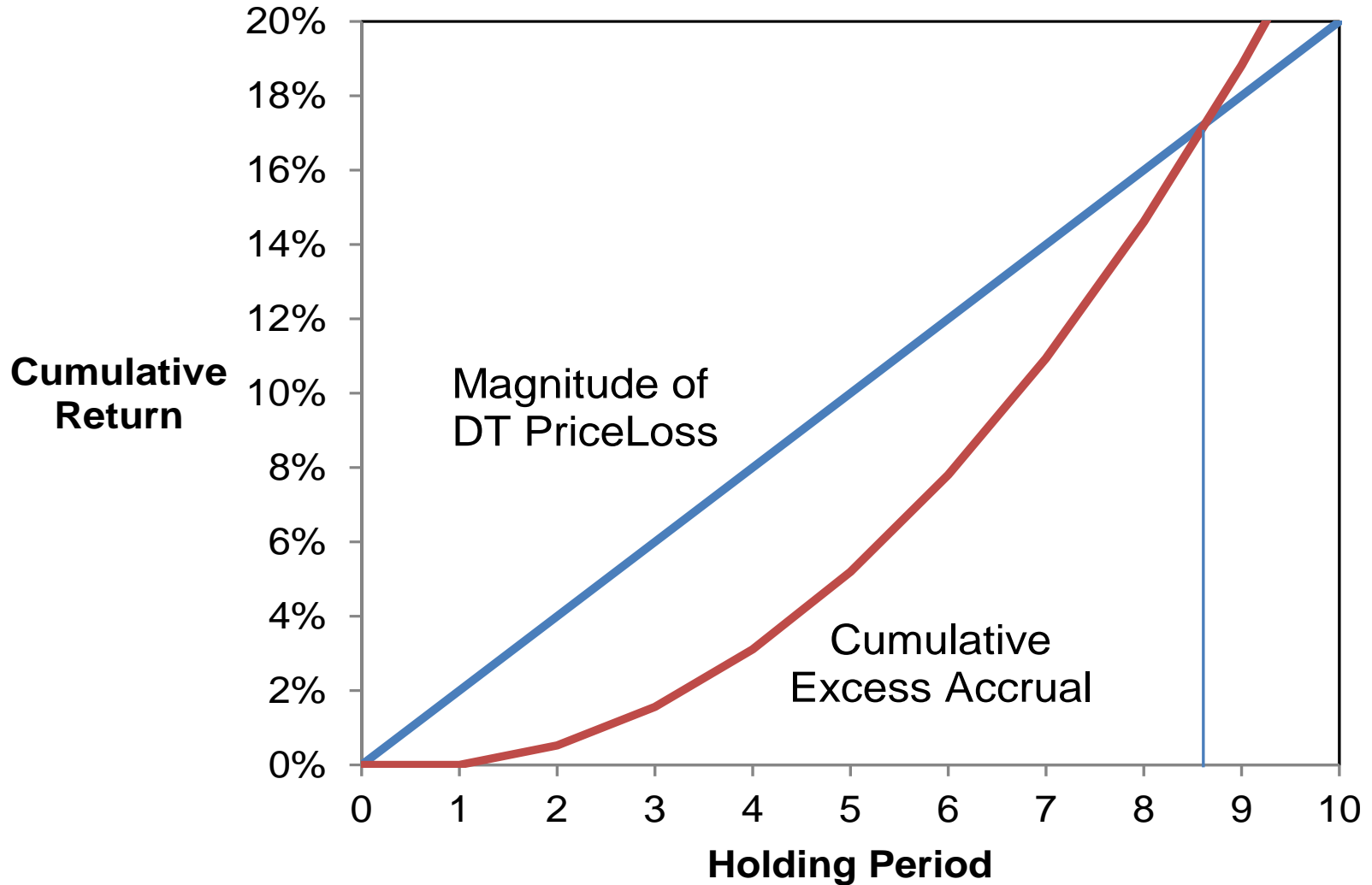
Higher Yield Accruals with +50 bps/yr Trendline



Yields, Annual Returns, Annualized Cumulative Returns



Continuous Excess Yield Accruals and Price Losses with +50 bps/year Trendline



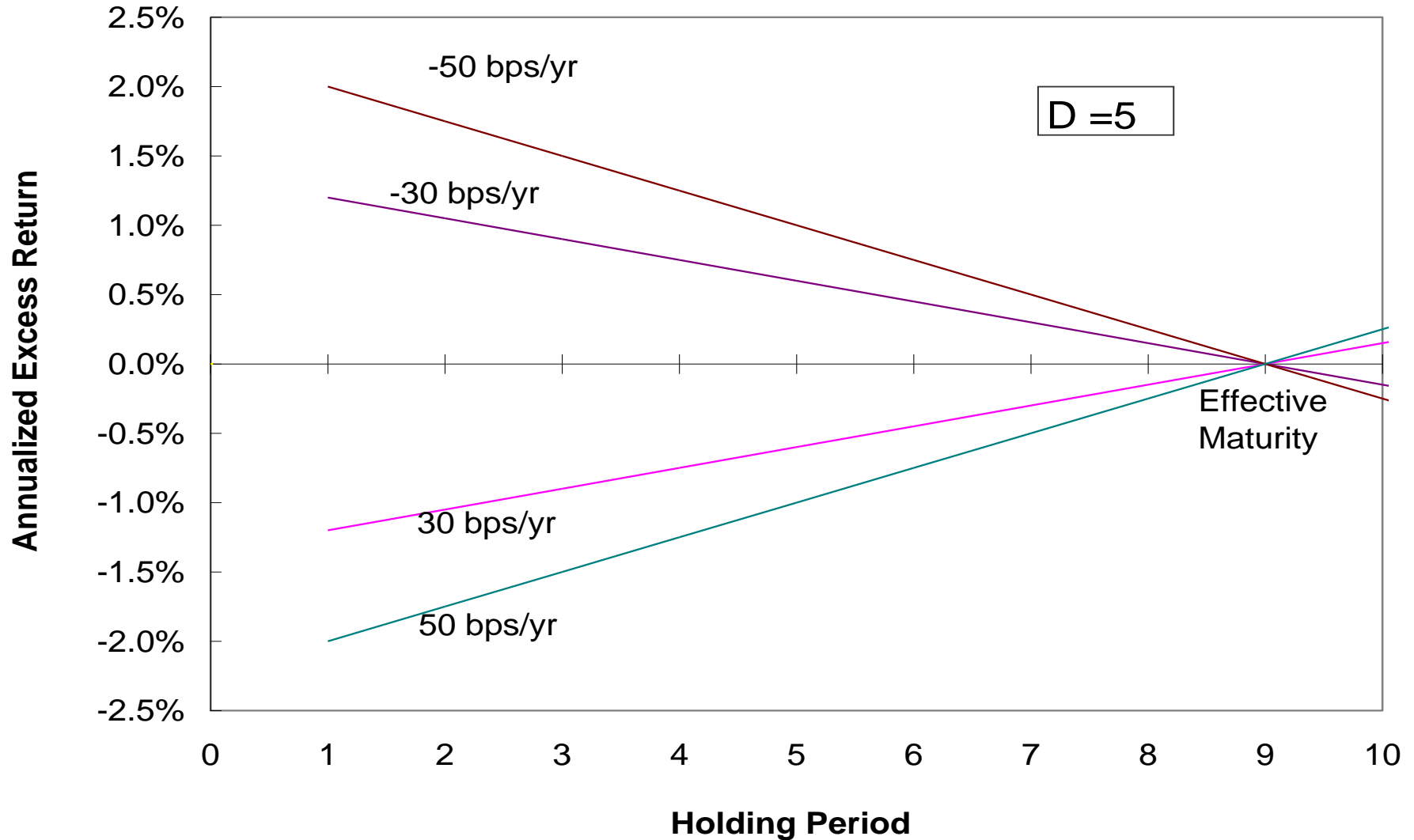
Trendline Returns

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Cum "Price Loss"} &= (D-1)\Delta y + (D-1)\Delta y + \dots \\ &= N(D-1)\Delta y\end{aligned}$$

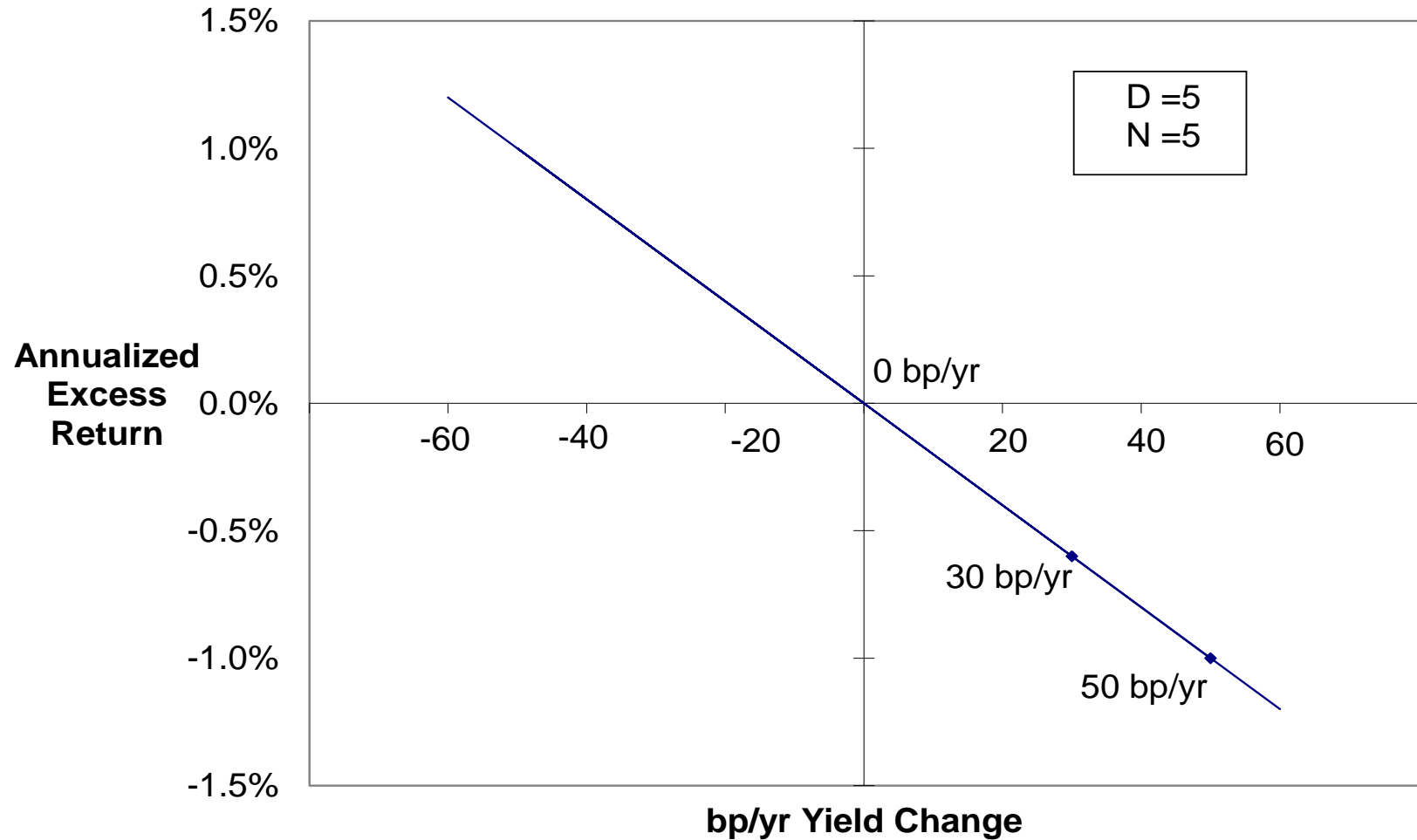
$$\begin{aligned}\text{Cum Yield Accrual} &= y_0 + (y_0 + \Delta y) + (y_0 + 2\Delta y) + \dots + (y_0 + (N-1)\Delta y) \\ &= Ny_0 + \Delta y[1 + 2 + \dots + (N-1)] \\ &= Ny_0 + \Delta y\left(\frac{N(N-1)}{2}\right)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Approx Total Annual Return} &= y_0 + \Delta y\left\{\frac{(N-1)}{2} - (D-1)\right\} \\ &= y_0 + \Delta y\left\{\frac{(N+1)}{2} - D\right\}\end{aligned}$$

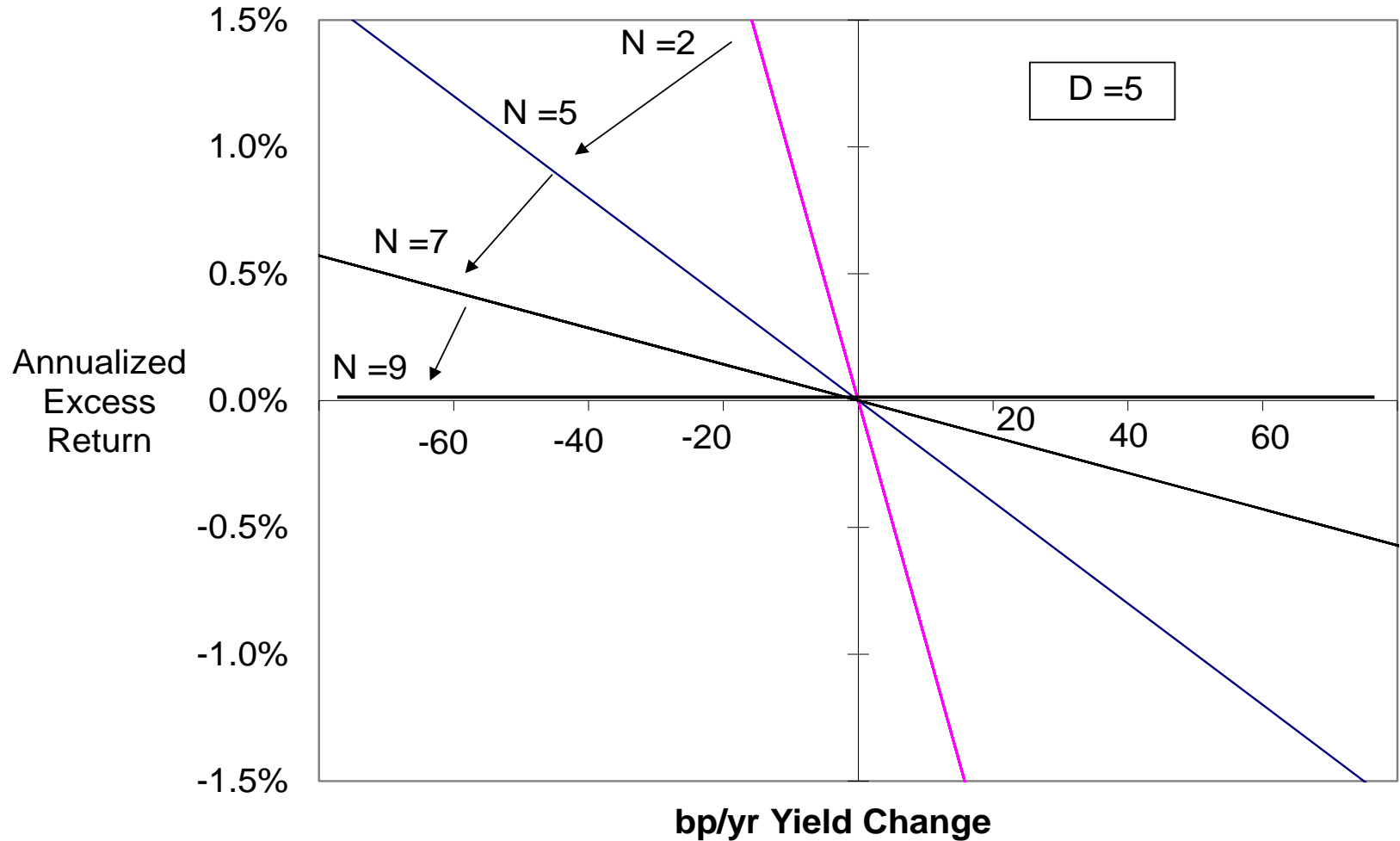
Excess Returns for Various Trendline Drift Rates



Excess Returns vs. Annual Yield Change



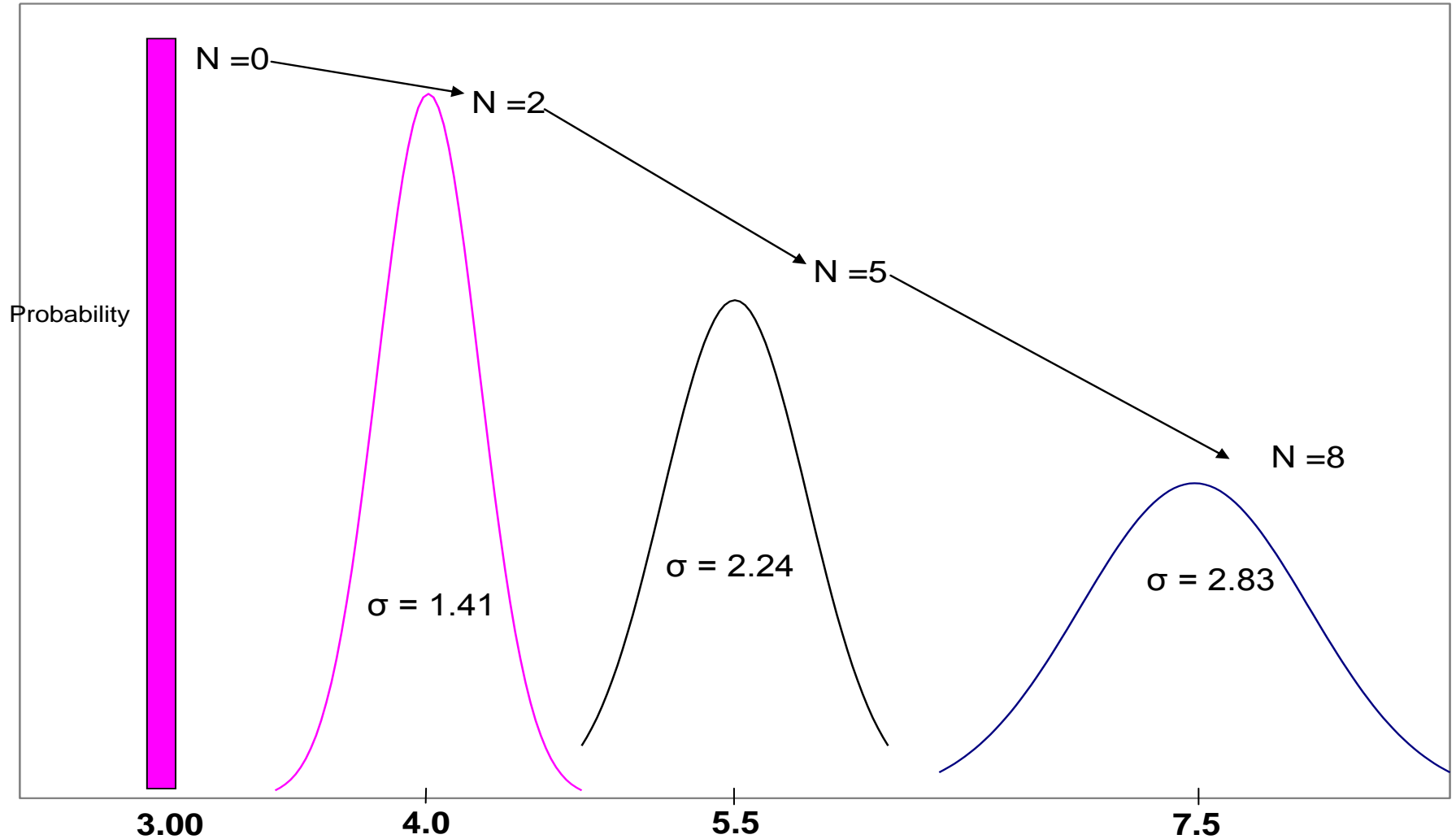
Theoretical Excess Returns vs. Annual Yield Change



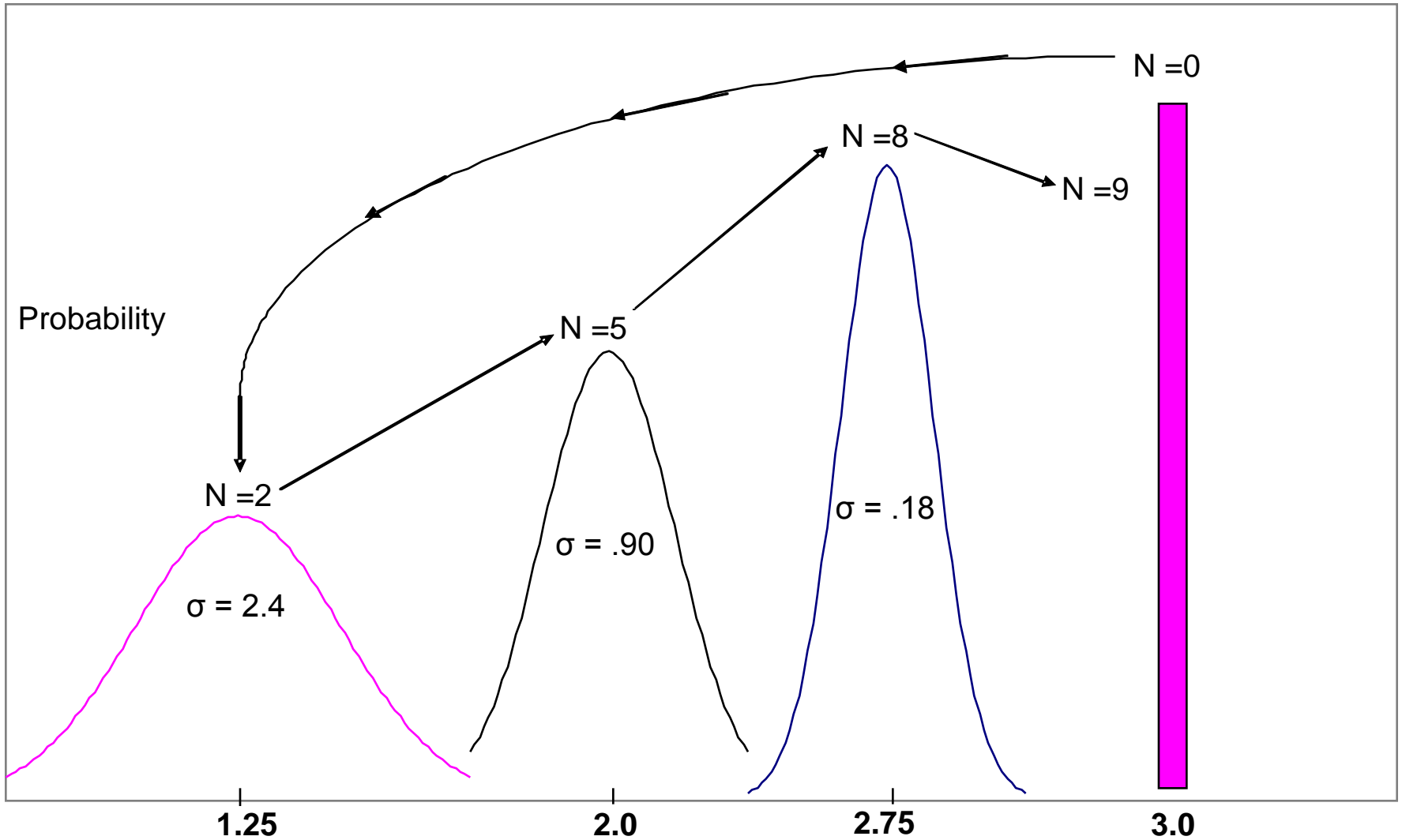
Standard Deviation of Returns

$$\sigma(\text{Trendline}) = \sigma_{\Delta y} \sqrt{N} \left| \left(\frac{D}{N} \right) - \frac{(N+1)}{2N} \right|$$

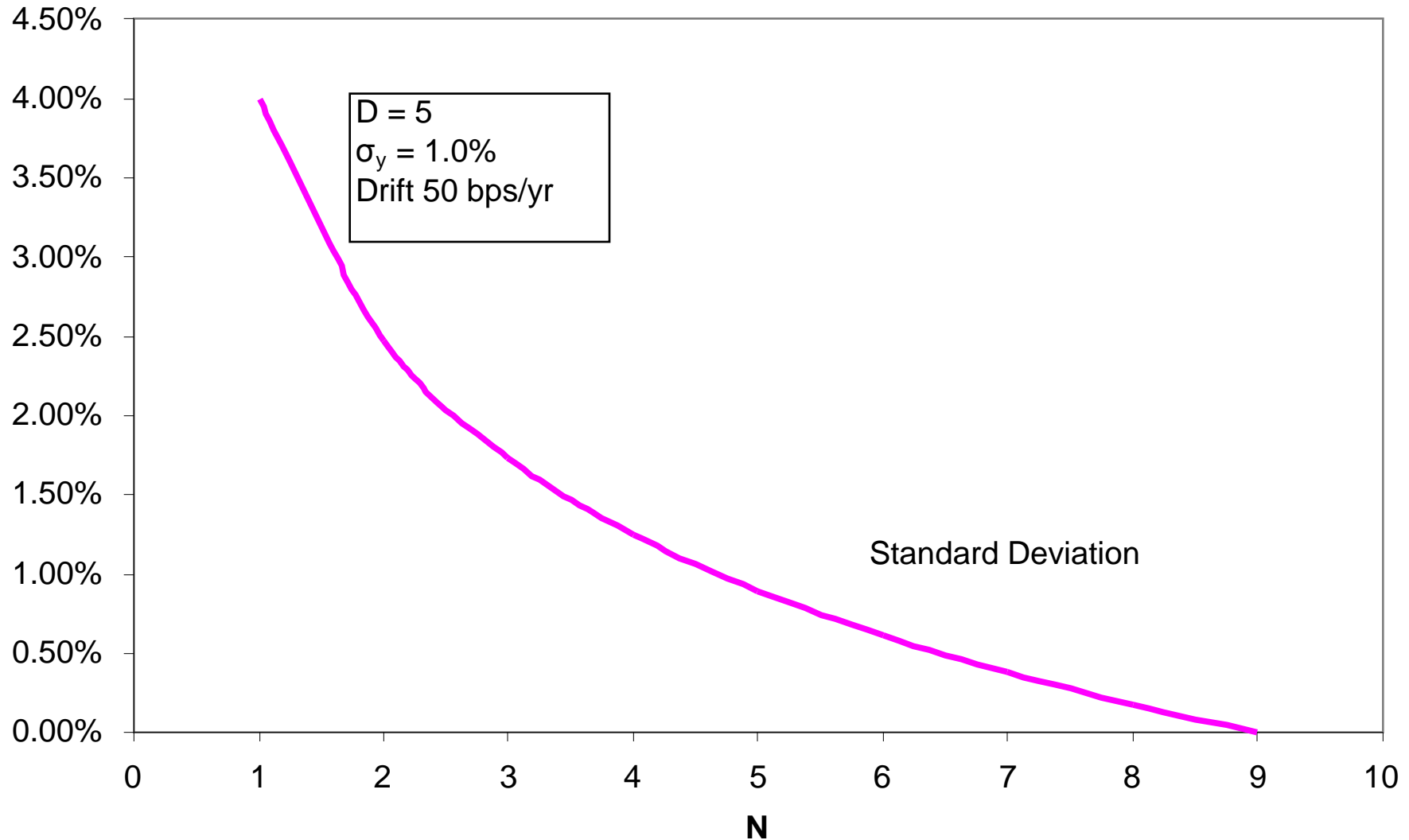
The Progression of Yield Distributions Over Time



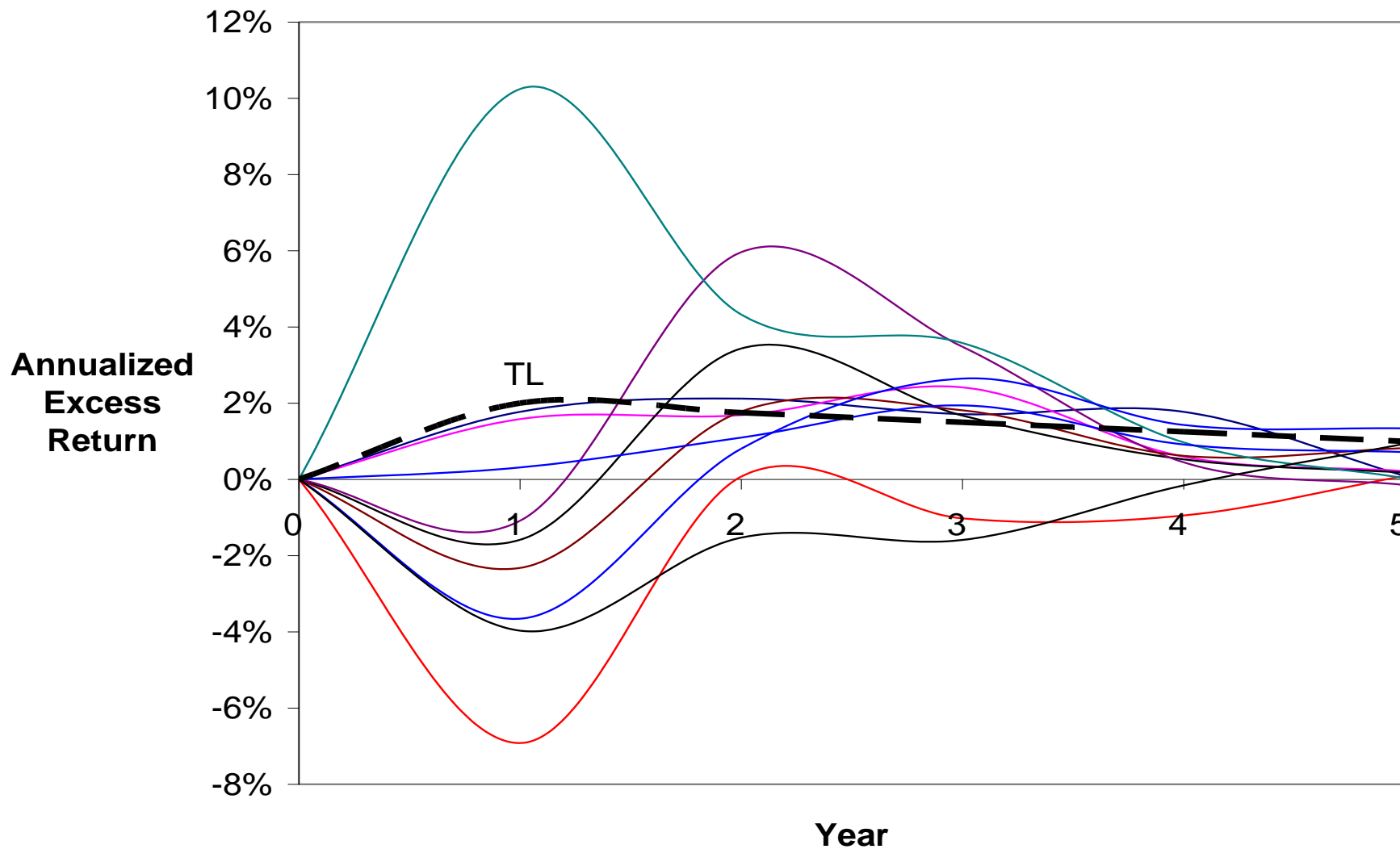
The Progression of Annualized Returns Over Time



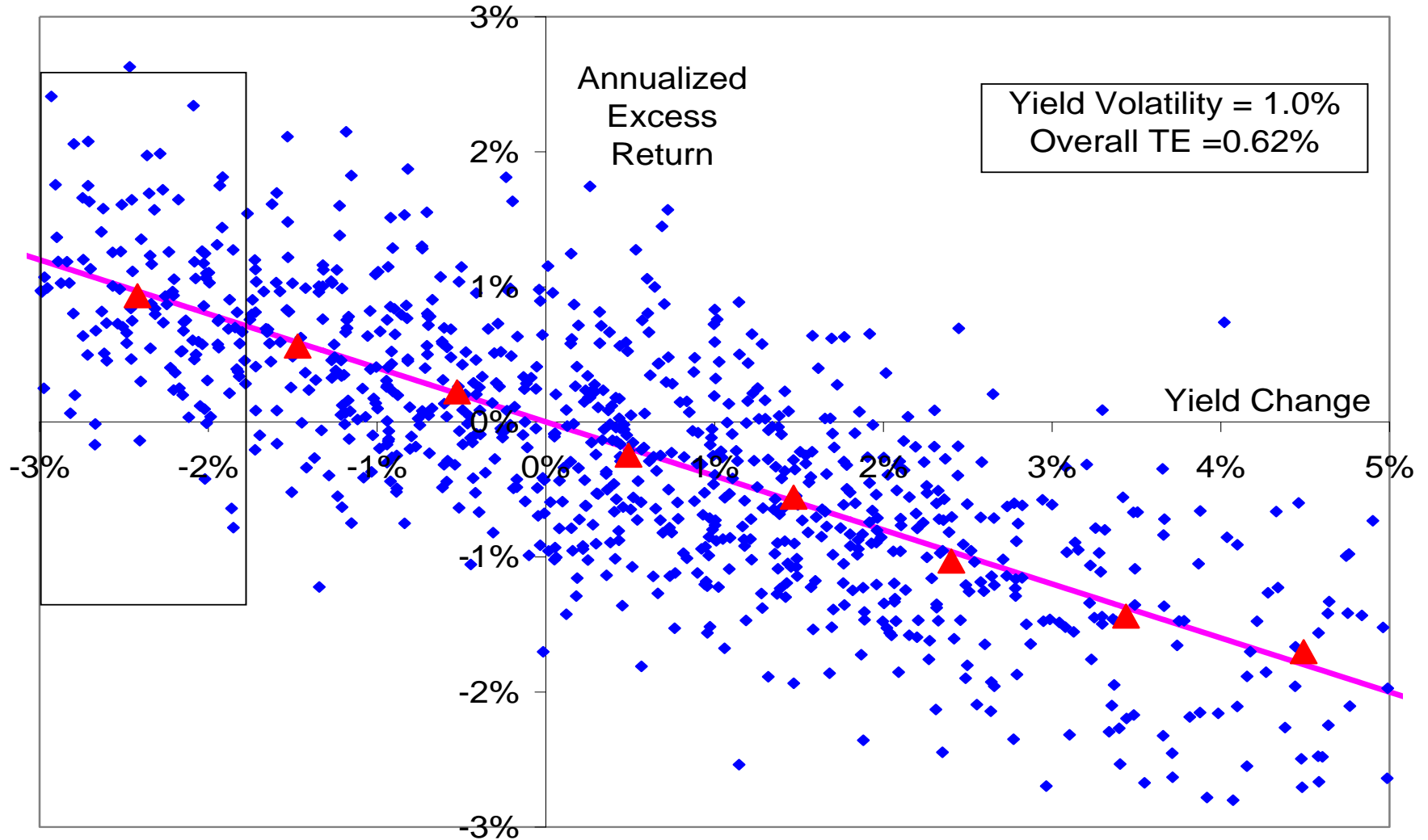
Standard Deviation of Trendline Returns for Range of Terminal Yields at Each Horizon



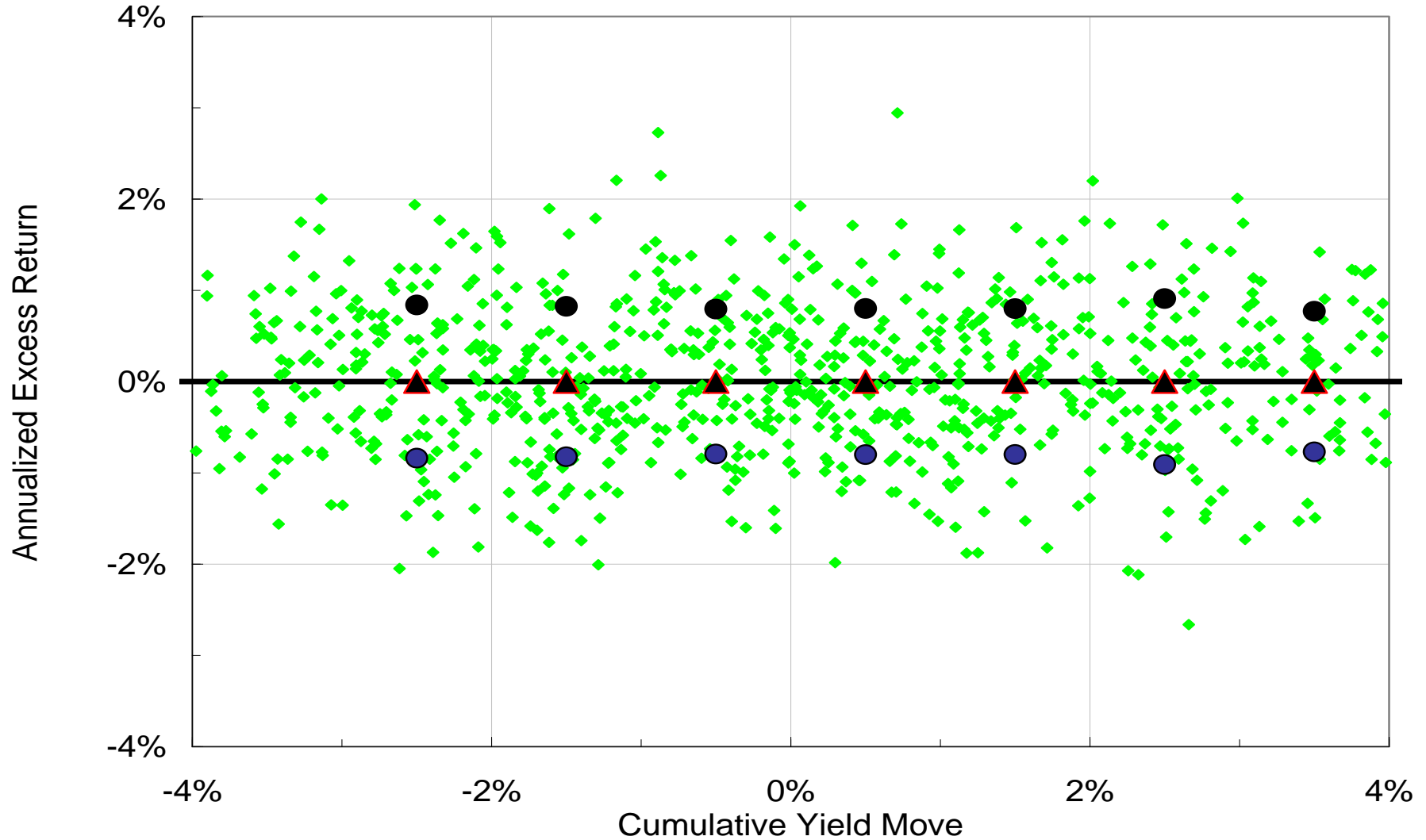
Returns for Simulation Paths with 2-3% Yield Declines



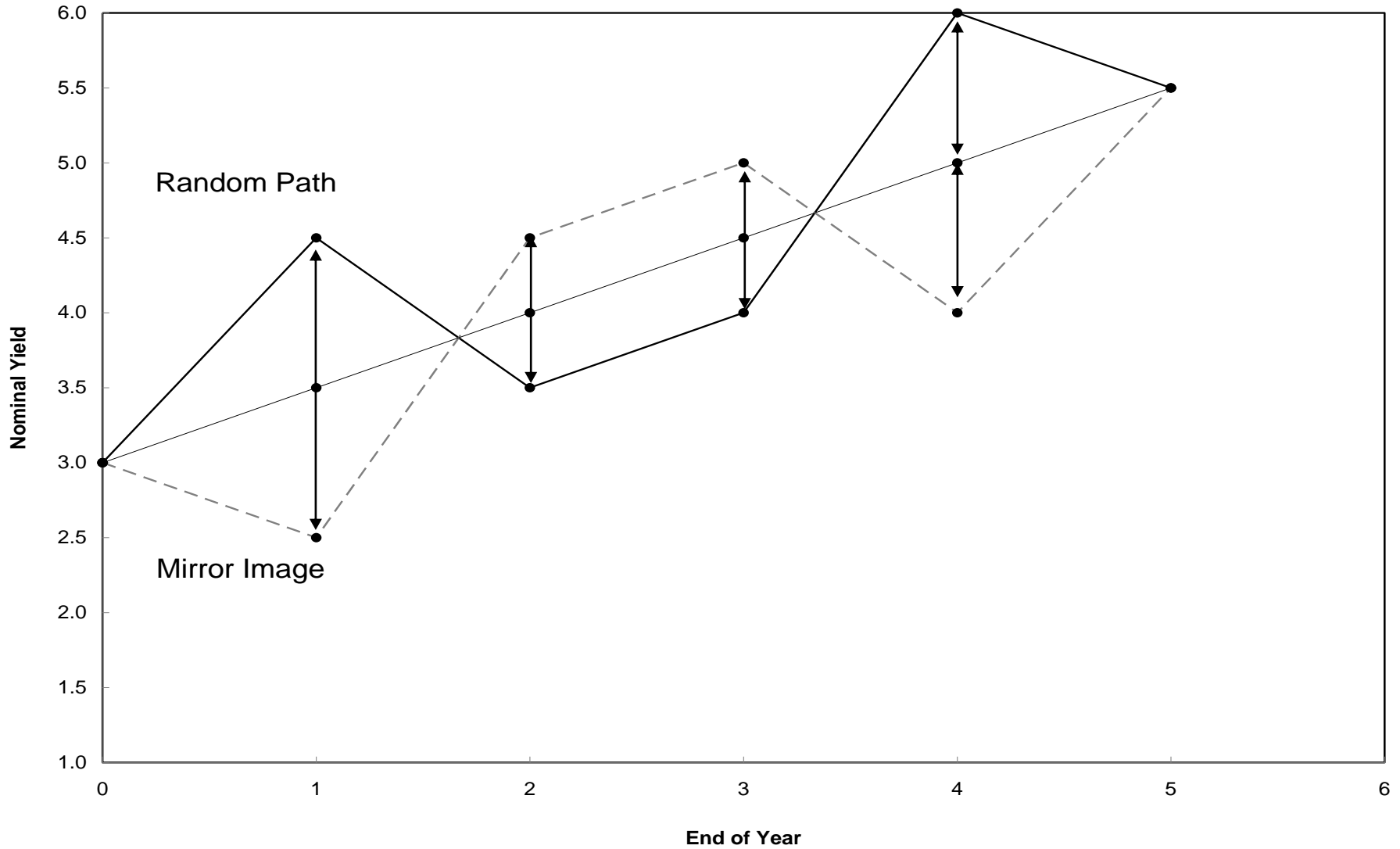
Simulation of Multiple Random Walk Pathways N =5



Simulation of Multiple Random Walk Pathways N =9



A Pair of Mirror Image Paths Around a Trendline



TL and Mirror Path Returns

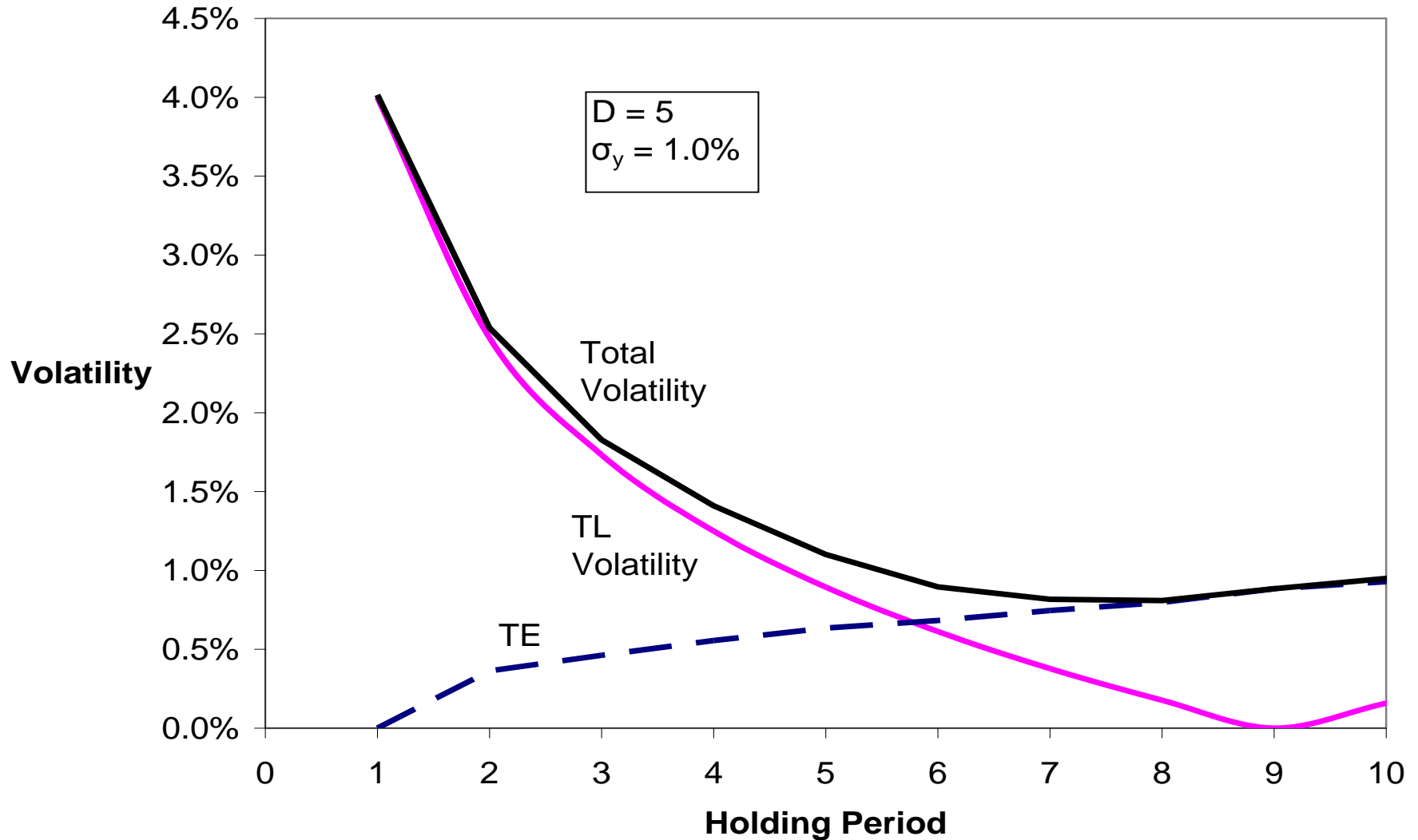
	Accruals			
	TL Path	Random Path	Mirror Image	Mirror Path Average
Year 1	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Year 2	3.5%	4.5%	2.5%	3.5%
Year 3	4.0%	3.5%	4.5%	4.0%
Year 4	4.5%	4.0%	5.0%	4.5%
Year 5	5.0%	6.0%	4.0%	5.0%
Annualized Accrual	4.0%	4.2%	3.8%	4.0%
Annualized Price Effect	-2.0%	-2.0%	-2.0%	-2.0%
Excess Return	2.0%	2.2%	1.8%	2.0%

Standard Deviation of Returns

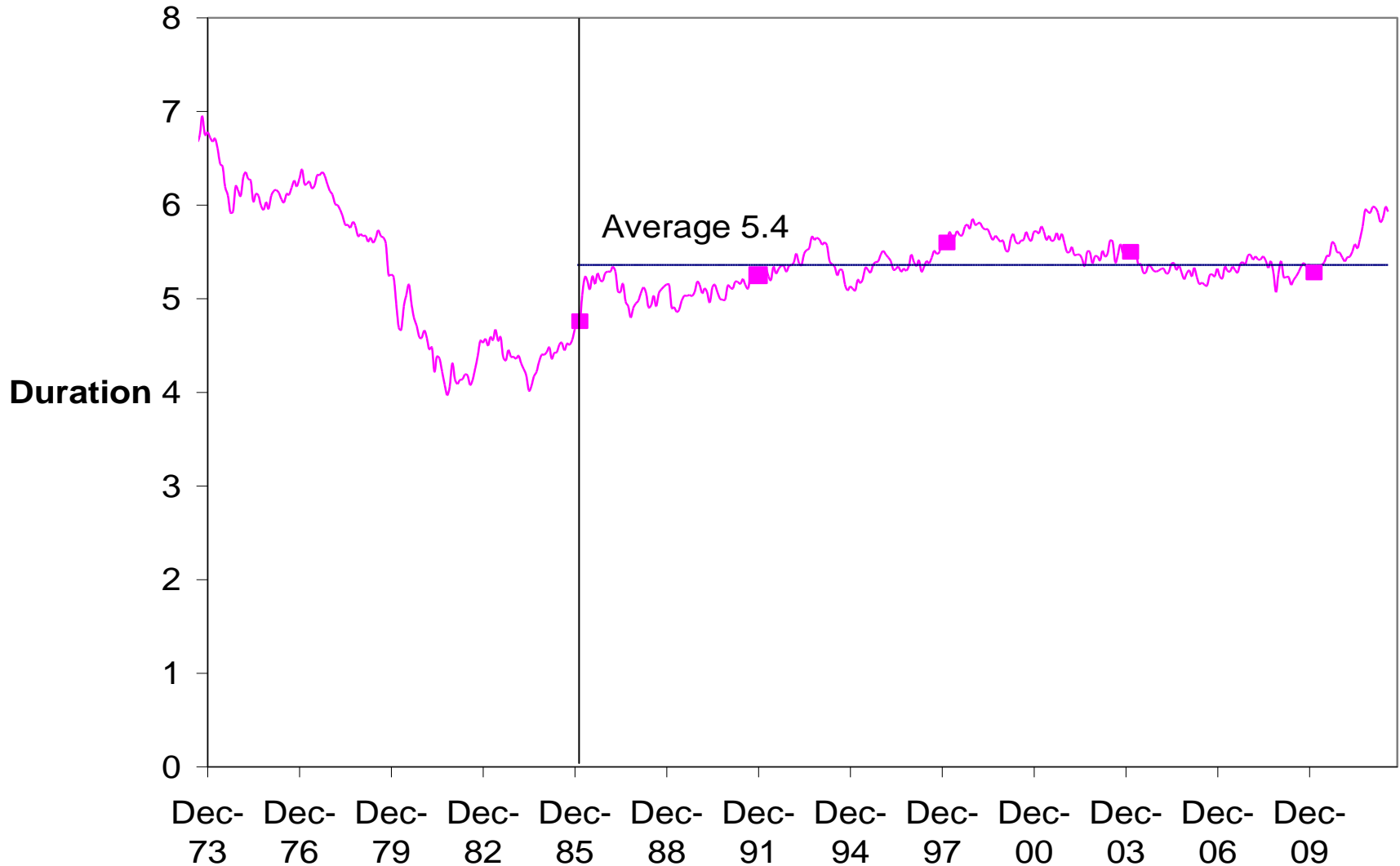
$$\sigma(\text{Trendline}) = \sigma_{\Delta y} \sqrt{N} \left| \left(\frac{D}{N} \right) - \frac{(N+1)}{2N} \right|$$

$$\sigma(\text{Including Mirror Paths}) = \sigma_{\Delta y} \sqrt{N} \sqrt{\left[\left(\frac{D}{N} \right) - \frac{(N+1)}{2N} \right]^2 + \left(\frac{N^2 - 1}{12N^2} \right)}$$

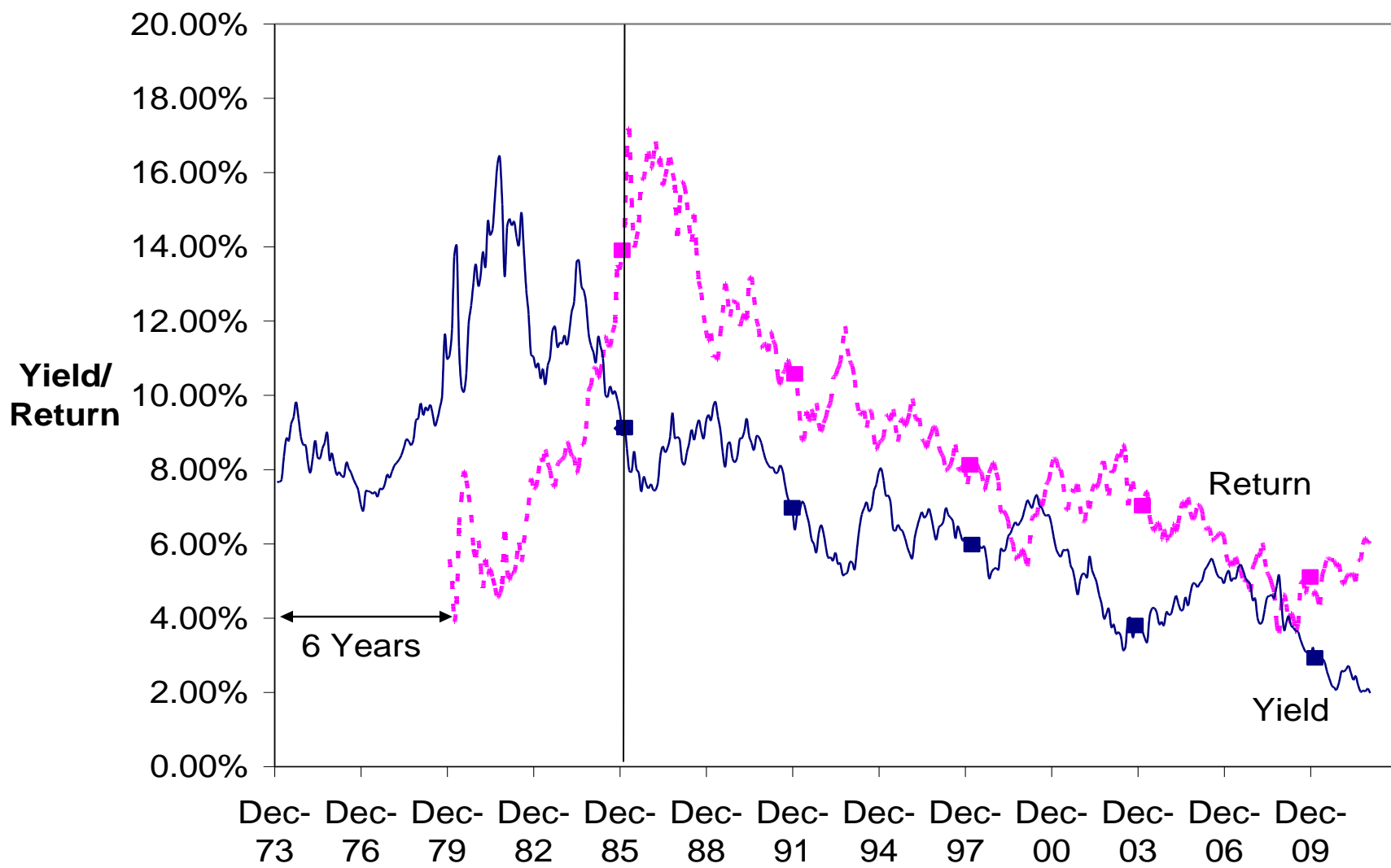
Total Return Volatility Including Tracking Error from Random Walk Paths



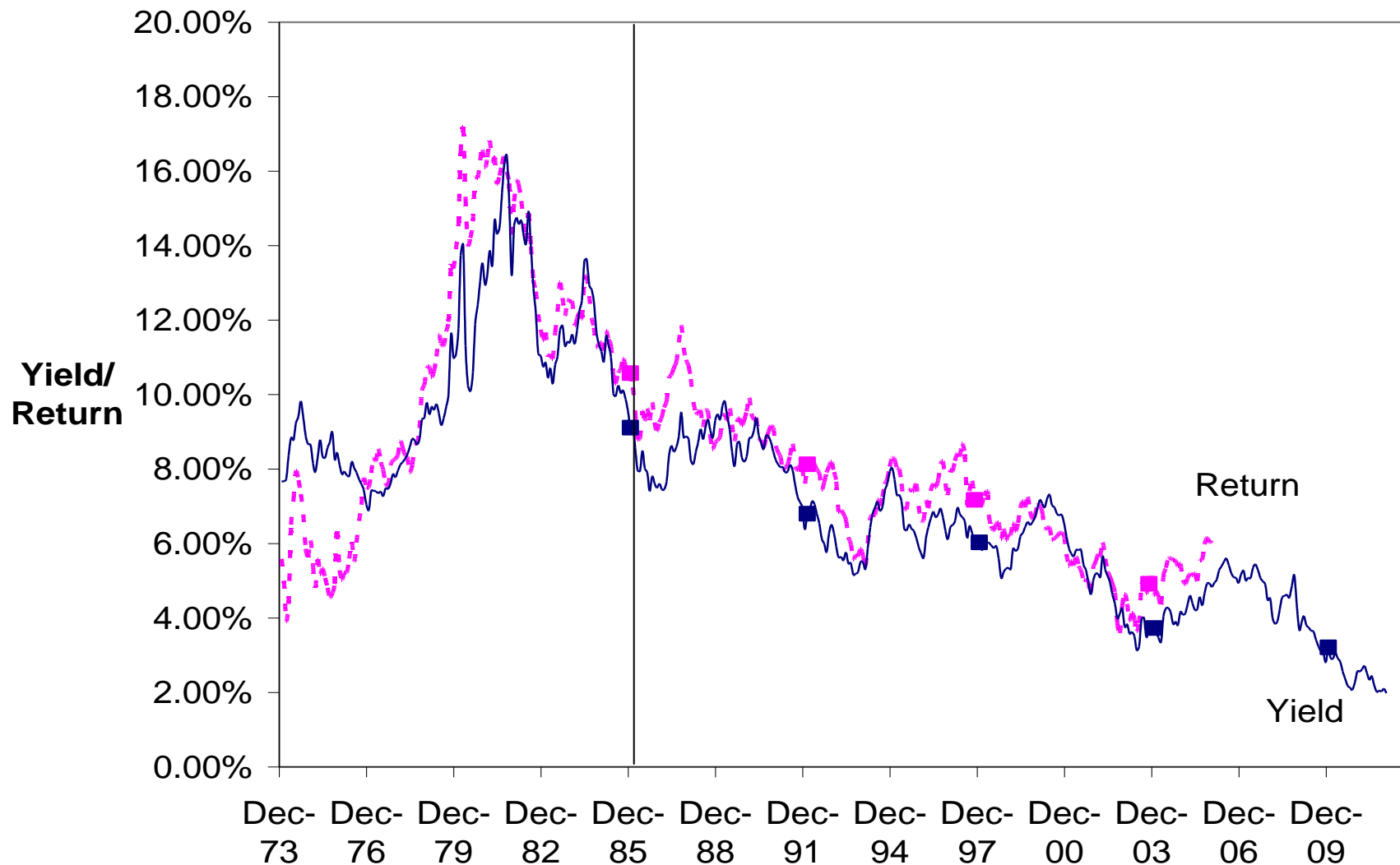
Barclays Government/Credit Index Duration (31 Dec 73 to 31 Dec 11)



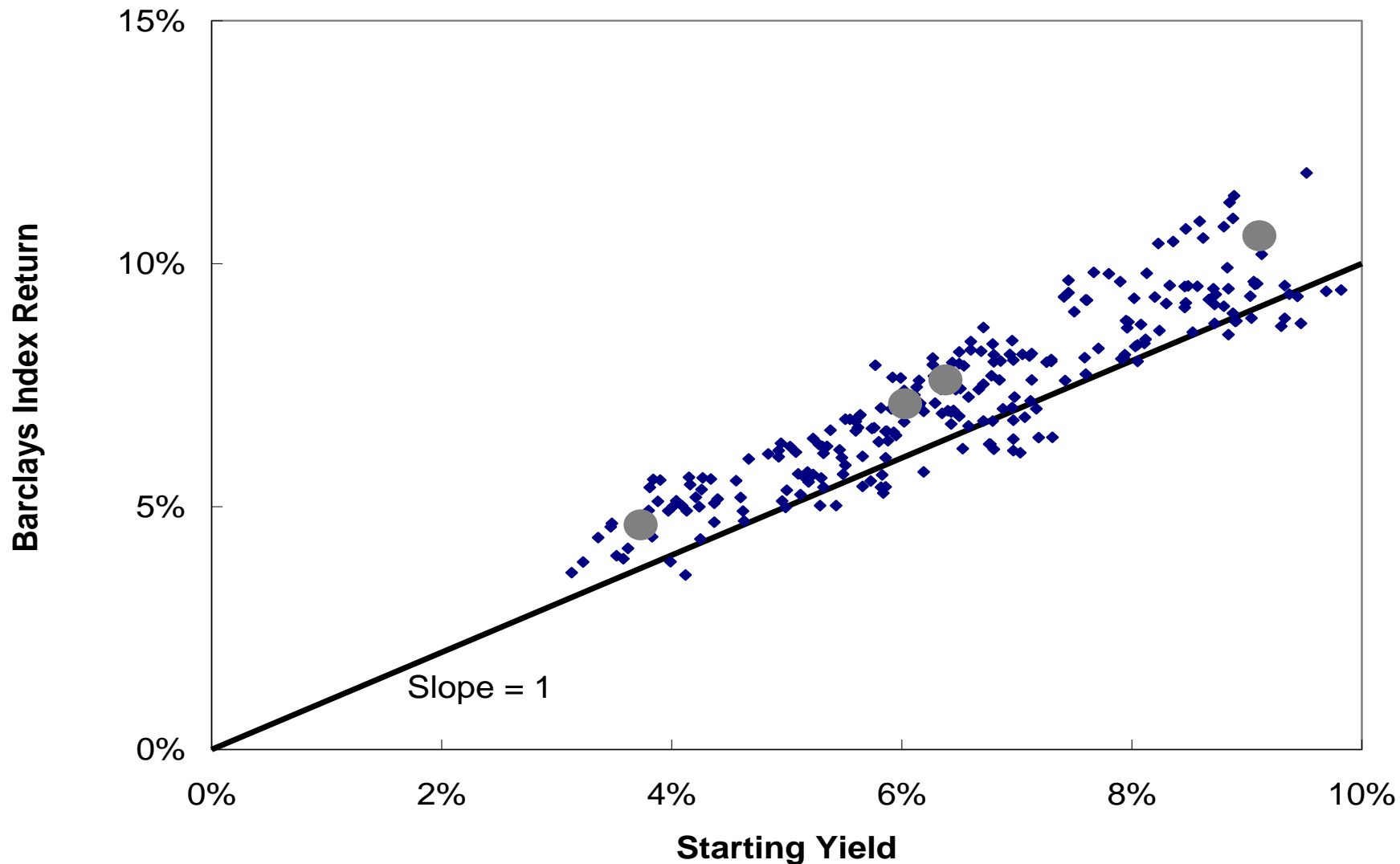
Government/Credit Index Yields and Returns Over 6-Year Holding Periods



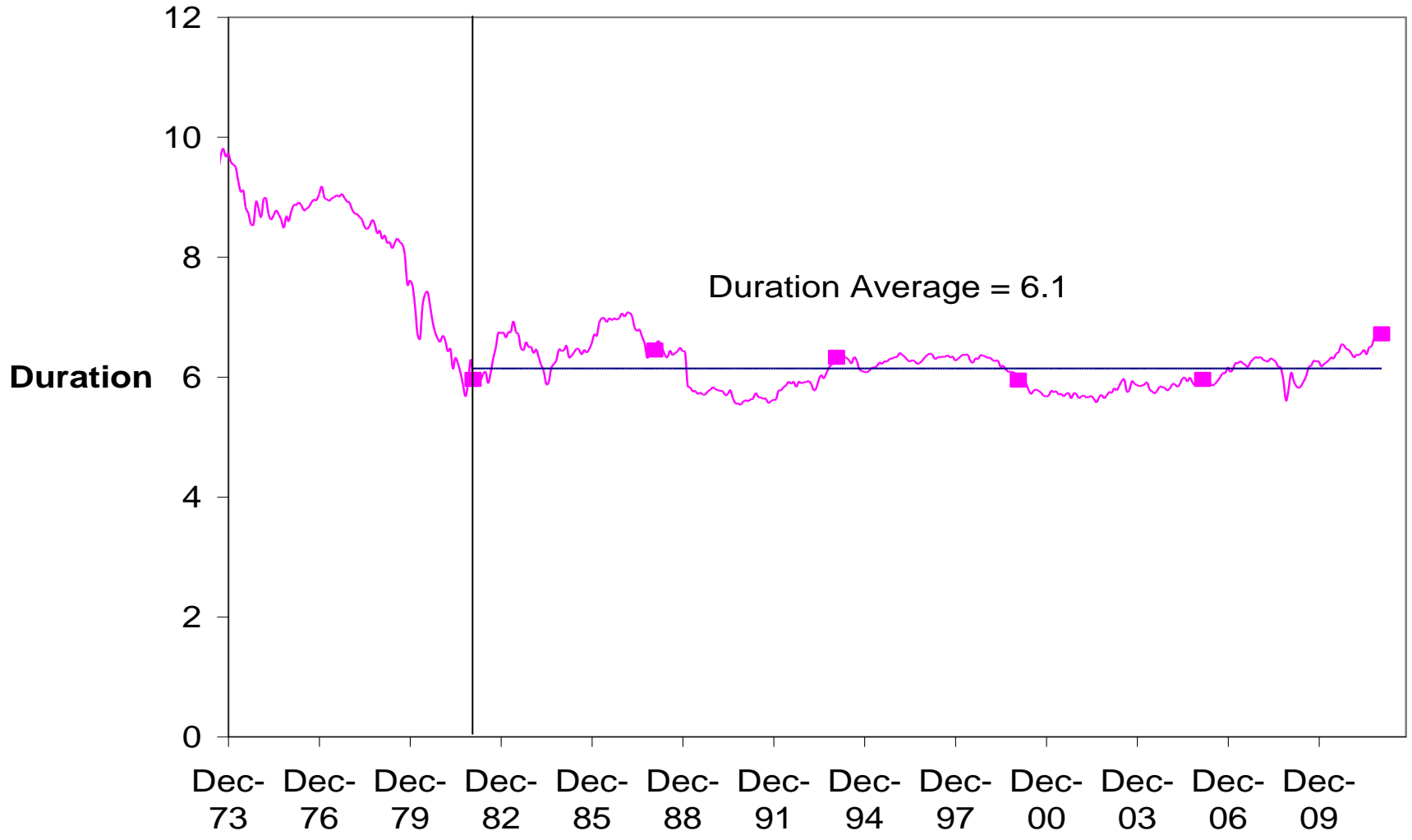
Government/Credit Index Yields and Shifted Returns Over 6-Year Holding Periods



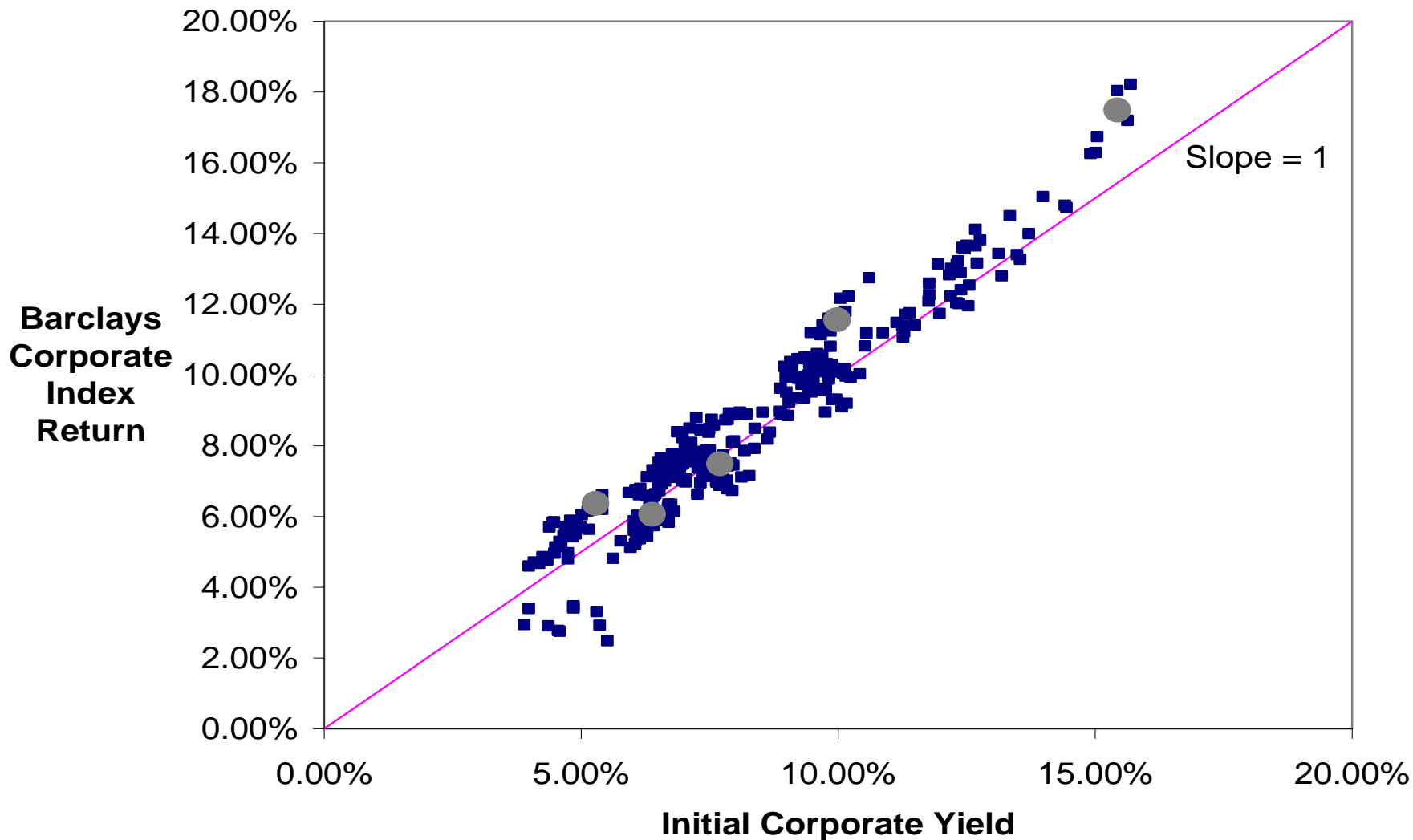
Government/Credit Returns Over 6-Year Holding Periods (1985-2006) vs. Yield Matching Line



Credit Index Duration



Credit Returns Over 6-Year Holding Periods (1982-2006) vs. Yield Matching Line



Implications

- 1. Most Funds Essentially Follow a Duration Targeting (DT) Process**
- 2. DT Funds Can Experience Significant Return Volatility in the Short-Term**
- 3. With a Flat Yield Curve, DT Returns Tend to Converge Back Towards the Initial Yield Over the Longer-Term**
- 4. With a Positive Yield Curve, the DT Returns Should Theoretically Converge Back to the Rolling Yield**
- 5. Long-term DT Investors Who Are Content with Current Yields Can Have Some Assurance that Returns Will Be Close to the Initial Yield**
- 6. But DT Investors Should Not Count on the Prospect of Higher (or Lower) Yields to Improve their Long-Term Returns**
- 7. DT Funds have Lower Multi-Year Volatility than Generally Believed**
- 8. In a Strategic Asset Allocation, the Bond Component's Duration Will Have a Relatively Muted Impact on the Expected Volatility of the Overall Fund**

References

- 1) Langetieg, Terence C., Martin L. Leibowitz and Stanley Kogelman
“Duration Targeting and the Management of Multiperiod Returns.
Financial Analysts Journal, September/October 1990
- 2) Leibowitz, Martin L. and Anthony Bova. “Duration Targeting Bond Returns”,
Morgan Stanley Research, October 12, 2011
- 3) Leibowitz, Martin L. and Anthony Bova. “Duration Targeting: A New Look at
Bond Portfolios”, *Morgan Stanley Research*, December 18, 2012
- 4) Leibowitz, Martin L., Sidney Homer, Anthony Bova and Stanley Kogelman.
“Inside the Yield Book”, 3rd Edition, *Wiley*, Forthcoming 2013

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